3.3 V ECL 8-Bit Synchronous Binary Up Counter

Description

The MC100EP016A is a high-speed synchronous, presettable, cascadeable 8-bit binary counter. Architecture and operation are the same as the ECLinPS[™] family MC100E016 with higher operating speed.

The counter features internal feedback to $\overline{\text{TC}}$ gated by the TCLD (Terminal Count Load) pin. When TCLD is LOW (or left open, in which case it is pulled LOW by the internal pulldowns), the $\overline{\text{TC}}$ feedback is disabled, and counting proceeds continuously, with $\overline{\text{TC}}$ going LOW to indicate an all-one state. When TCLD is HIGH, the TC feedback causes the counter to automatically reload upon TC = LOW, thus functioning as a programmable counter. The Qn outputs do not need to be terminated for the count function to operate properly. To minimize noise and power, unused Q outputs should be left unterminated.

COUT and $\overline{\text{COUT}}$ provide differential outputs from a single, non-cascaded counter or divider application. COUT and $\overline{\text{COUT}}$ should not be used in cascade configuration. Only $\overline{\text{TC}}$ should be used for a counter or divider cascade chain output.

A differential clock input has also been added to improve performance.

The 100 Series contains temperature compensation.

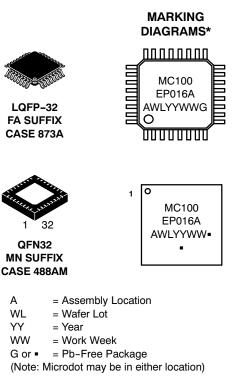
Features

- 550 ps Typical Propagation Delay
- Operation Frequency > 1.3 GHz is 30% Faster than MC100EP016
- PECL Mode Operating Range: V_{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V with V_{EE} = 0 V
- NECL Mode Operating Range: V_{CC} = 0 V with V_{EE} = -3.0 V to -3.6 V
- Open Input Default State
- Safety Clamp on Clock Inputs
- Internal $\overline{\text{TC}}$ Feedback (Gated)
- Addition of COUT and COUT
- 8-Bit
- Differential Clock Input
- V_{BB} Output
- Fully Synchronous Counting and TC Generation
- Asynchronous Master Reset
- Pb-Free Packages are Available



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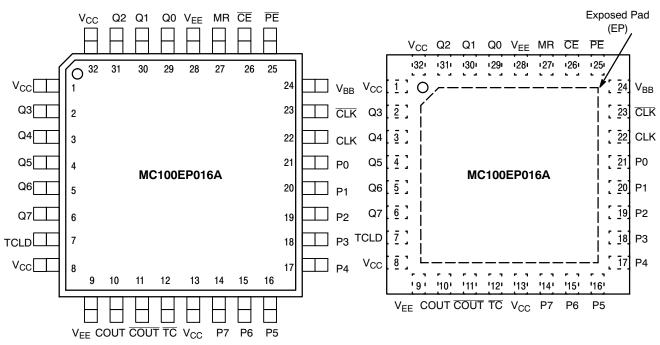


*For additional marking information, refer to Application Note AND8002/D.

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 11 of this data sheet.

1



Warning: All V_{CC} and V_{EE} pins must be externally connected to Power Supply to guarantee proper operation.

Figure 1. 32-Lead LQFP Pinout (Top View)

Figure 2. 32-Lead QFN Pinout (Top View)

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Function
P0-P7	ECL Parallel Data (Preset) Inputs
Q0-Q7	ECL Data Outputs
CE*	ECL Count Enable Control Input
PE*	ECL Parallel Load Enable Control Input
MR*	ECL Master Reset
CLK*, CLK*	ECL Differential Clock
TC	ECL Terminal Count Output
TCLD*	ECL TC-Load Control Input
COUT, COUT	ECL Differential Output
V _{CC}	Positive Supply
V _{EE}	Negative Supply
V _{BB}	Reference Voltage Output
EP	The exposed pad (EP) on the QFN-32 package bottom is thermally connected to the die for improved heat-sinking conduit. The pad is electrically connected to V_{EE} .

*Pins will default LOW when left open.

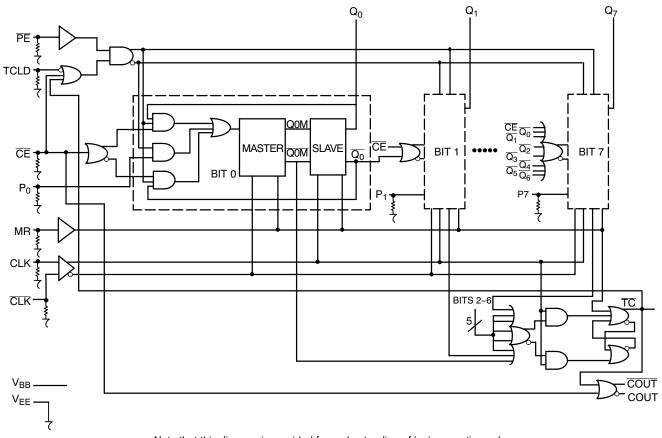
Table 2. FUNCTION TABLE

CE	PE	TCLD	MR	CLK	FUNCTION
Х	L	Х	L	Z	Load Parallel (Pn to Qn)
L	Н	L	L	Z	Continuous Count
L	Н	Н	L	Z	Count; Load Parallel on \overline{TC} = LOW
Н	Н	Х	L	Z	Hold
Х	Х	Х	L	ZZ	Masters Respond, Slaves Hold
х	х	Х	н	Х	Reset (Qn : = LOW, TC : = HIGH)

ZZ = Clock Pulse (High-to-Low) Z = Clock Pulse (Low-to-High)

Table 3. FUNCTION TABLE

Function	PE	CE	MR	TCLD	CLK	P7-P4	P3	P2	P1	P0	Q7-Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q0	тс	COUT	COUT
Load Count	LHHHH	X L L L L	L L L L	X L L L	Z Z Z Z Z	H X X X X	H X X X X	H X X X X	L X X X X	L X X X X	H H H H L	H H H L	H H H H L	L L H H L	L H L H L	ΗΗΗ	H H L H	LLLL
Load Hold	L H H	X H H	L L L	X X X	Z Z Z	H X X	H X X	H X X	L X X	L X X	H H H	H H H	H H H	L L L	L L L	H H H	H H H	L L L
Load on Terminal Count	ΤΙΤΙΙ	L L L L	L L L L	нтттт	Z Z Z Z Z Z	エエエエエエ	L L L L	ΤΤΤΤΤ	ΤΤΤΤΤ	L L L L	нтттт	H H L L H	H H H H L	L H H H L	H L H L H L	エエーエエエ		
Reset	Х	Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	L



Note that this diagram is provided for understanding of logic operation only.

It should not be used for propagation delays as many gate functions are achieved internally without incurring a full gate delay.

Figure 3. 8-BIT Binary Counter Logic Diagram

Table 4. ATTRIBUTES

Characte	ristics	Value			
Internal Input Pulldown Resistor	75 kΩ				
Internal Input Pullup Resistor	N/A				
ESD Protection	> 2 kV > 100 V > 2 kV				
Moisture Sensitivity, Indefinite Til	Pb Pkg	Pb-Free Pkg			
	Level 2 N/A	Level 2 Level 1			
Flammability Rating Oxygen Inde	UL 94 V-0 @ 0.125 in				
Transistor Count	1226 Devices				
Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec	EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test				

1. For additional information, see Application Note AND8003/D.

Table 5. MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition 1	Condition 2	Rating	Unit
V _{CC}	PECL Mode Power Supply	V _{EE} = 0 V		6	V
V_{EE}	NECL Mode Power Supply	V _{CC} = 0 V		-6	V
VI	PECL Mode Input Voltage NECL Mode Input Voltage	V _{EE} = 0 V V _{CC} = 0 V	$\begin{array}{c} V_{I} \leq V_{CC} \\ V_{I} \geq V_{EE} \end{array}$	6 -6	V V
l _{out}	Output Current	Continuous Surge		50 100	mA mA
I _{BB}	V _{BB} Sink/Source			± 0.5	mA
T _A	Operating Temperature Range			-40 to +70	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			-65 to +150	°C
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient)	0 lfpm 500 lfpm	32 LQFP 32 LQFP	74 61	°C/W °C/W
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	Standard Board	32 LQFP	12 to 17	°C/W
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient)	0 lfpm 500 lfpm	QFN-32 QFN-32	31 27	°C/W °C/W
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	(Junction-to-Case) 2S2P QFN-32			
T _{sol}	Wave Solder Pb Pb-Free			265 265	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

			–40°C			25°C			70°C		
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current	130	170	210	130	177	210	130	180	210	mA
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 3)	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 3)	1355	1480	1605	1355	1480	1605	1355	1480	1605	mV
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage (Single-Ended)	2075		2420	2075		2420	2075		2420	mV
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single-Ended)	1355		1675	1355		1675	1355		1675	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	1775	1875	1975	1775	1875	1975	1775	1875	1975	mV
VIHCMR	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 4)	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	V
Ι _{ΙΗ}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

Table 6. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, PECL V_{CC} = 3.3 V, V_{EE} = 0 V (Note 2)

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

2. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary +0.3 V to -0.3 V.

3. All loading with 50 ohms to V_{CC} -2.0 volts.

4. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

			-40°C			25°C			70°C		
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current	130	170	210	130	177	210	130	180	210	mA
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 6)	-1145	-1020	-895	-1145	-1020	-895	-1145	-1020	-895	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 6)	-1945	-1820	-1695	-1945	-1820	-1695	-1945	-1820	-1695	mV
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage (Single-Ended)	-1225		-880	-1225		-880	-1225		-880	mV
VIL	Input LOW Voltage (Single-Ended)	-1945		-1625	-1945		-1625	-1945		-1625	mV
V _{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	-1525	-1425	-1325	-1525	-1425	-1325	-1525	-1425	-1325	mV
V _{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 7)	V _{EE} +2.0		0.0	V _{EE} +2.0		0.0	V _{EE} +2.0		0.0	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current						150			150	μA
IIL	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

Table 7. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, NECL V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{EE} = -3.6 V to -3.0 V (Note 5)

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

5. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC} .

6. All loading with 50 ohms to V_{CC} -2.0 volts.

7. VIHCMR min varies 1:1 with VEE, VIHCMR max varies 1:1 with VCC. The VIHCMR range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

			-40°C			25°C			70°C		
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
fcount	Maximum Frequency Count & Division Modes Q, TC, COUT/COUT	1.3	1.5		1.2	1.4		1.2	1.3		GHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay MR to Q CLK to TC MR to TC MR to TC CLK to COUT/COUT MR to COUT/COUT	350 400 350 400 475 450	511 550 511 555 705 720	650 700 650 700 850 850	400 400 400 400 500 500	550 570 550 570 745 760	700 750 700 750 900 900	480 450 480 520 550 570	610 630 610 635 825 830	780 820 780 820 1000 950	ps
ts	Setup Time P0 P1 to P4 P5 to P7 CE PE TCLD	400 300 250 500 500 550	240 140 80 320 315 355		400 300 250 500 500 550	240 135 65 330 320 365		400 300 250 500 500 550	245 125 55 340 325 380		ps
tн	Hold Time P0 P1 to P4 P5 to P7 CE PE TCLD	100 50 150 600 625 525	-145 -160 -105 380 465 320		100 50 150 600 625 525	-155 -170 -110 410 500 325		100 50 150 600 625 525	-170 -180 -115 450 535 340		ps
ţ JITTER	Clock Random Jitter (RMS, 1000 Waveforms)		2.6	8.5		2.5	8.0		2.5	8.0	ps
t _{RR}	Reset Recovery Time	400	195		400	205		400	220		ps
t _{PW}	Minimum Pulse Width CLK Minimum Pulse Width MR	385 550	334 380		416 550	357 380		416 550	385 380		ps
t _r , t _f	Output Rise/Fall Times 20% - 80%	90	180	320	100	190	320	125	215	450	ps

Table 8. AC CHARACTERISTICS V _{EE} = -3.0 V to -3.6 V; V _{CC} = 0 V or V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V _{EE} = 0 V (Note 8)

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

8. Measured using a 750 mV source, 50% duty cycle clock source. All loading with 50 ohms to V_{CC} -2.0 V.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Cascading Multiple EP016A Devices

For applications which call for larger than 8-bit counters multiple EP016As can be tied together to achieve very wide bit width counters. The active low terminal count ($\overline{\text{TC}}$) output and count enable input ($\overline{\text{CE}}$) greatly facilitate the cascading of EP016A devices. Two EP016As can be cascaded without the need for external gating, however for counters wider than 16 bits external OR gates are necessary for cascade implementations.

Figure 4 below pictorially illustrates the cascading of 4 EP016As to build a 32-bit high frequency counter. Note the EP01 gates used to OR the terminal count outputs of the lower order EP016As to control the counting operation of the higher order bits. When the terminal count of the preceding device (or devices) goes low (the counter reaches an all 1s state) the more significant EP016A is set in its count mode and will count one binary digit upon the next positive clock transition. In addition, the preceding devices will also

count one bit thus sending their terminal count outputs back to a high state disabling the count operation of the more significant counters and placing them back into hold modes. Therefore, for an EP016A in the chain to count, all of the lower order terminal count outputs must be in the low state. The bit width of the counter can be increased or decreased by simply adding or subtracting EP016A devices from Figure 4 and maintaining the logic pattern illustrated in the same figure.

The maximum frequency of operation for a cascaded counter chain is set by the propagation delay of the $\overline{\text{TC}}$ output, the necessary setup time of the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ input, and the propagation delay through the OR gate controlling it (for 16-bit counters the limitation is only the $\overline{\text{TC}}$ propagation delay and the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ setup time). Figure 4 shows EP01 gates used to control the count enable inputs, however, if the frequency of operation is slow enough, a LVECL OR gate can be used. Using the worst case guarantees for these parameters.

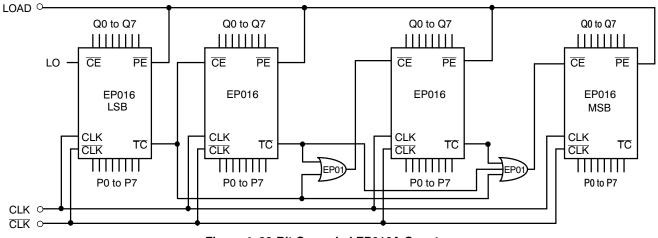


Figure 4. 32-Bit Cascaded EP016A Counter

Note that this assumes the trace delay between the $\overline{\text{TC}}$ outputs and the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ inputs are negligible. If this is not the case estimates of these delays need to be added to the calculations.

Programmable Divider

The EP016A has been designed with a control pin which makes it ideal for use as an 8-bit programmable divider. The TCLD pin (load on terminal count) when asserted reloads the data present at the parallel input pin (Pn's) upon reaching terminal count (an all 1s state on the outputs). Because this feedback is built internal to the chip, the programmable division operation will run at very nearly the same frequency as the maximum counting frequency of the device. Figure 5 below illustrates the input conditions necessary for utilizing the EP016A as a programmable divider set up to divide by 113.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION (continued)

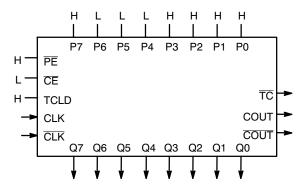


Figure 5. Mod 2 to 256 Programmable Divider

To determine what value to load into the device to accomplish the desired division, the designer simply subtracts the binary equivalent of the desired divide ratio from the binary value for 256. As an example for a divide ratio of 113:

Pn's = $256 - 113 = 8F_{16} = 1000 1111$ where:

P0 = LSB and P7 = MSB

Forcing this input condition as per the setup in Figure 5 will result in the waveforms of Figure 6. Note that the $\overline{\text{TC}}$ output is used as the divide output and the pulse duration is equal to a full clock period. For even divide ratios, twice the desired divide ratio can be loaded into the EP016A and the $\overline{\text{TC}}$ output can feed the clock input of a toggle flip flop to create a signal divided as desired with a 50% duty cycle.

Table 9. Preset	Values for	Various Divide Ratios	
-----------------	------------	-----------------------	--

Divide			Pr	eset D	ata Inp	outs		
Ratio	P7	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0
2	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L
3	н	Н	н	н	н	н	L	Н
4	н	н	н	н	н	н	L	L
5	н	н	н	н	н	L	н	н
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
112	н	L	L	н	L	L	L	L
113	н	L	L	L	н	н	н	н
114	н	L	L	L	н	н	н	L
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
254	L	L	L	L	L	L	н	L
255	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	н
256	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L

A single EP016A can be used to divide by any ratio from 2 to 256 inclusive. If divide ratios of greater than 256 are needed multiple EP016As can be cascaded in a manner similar to that already discussed. When EP016As are cascaded to build larger dividers the TCLD pin will no longer provide a means for loading on terminal count. Because one does not want to reload the counters until all of the devices in the chain have reached terminal count, external gating of the \overline{TC} pins must be used for multiple EP016A divider chains.

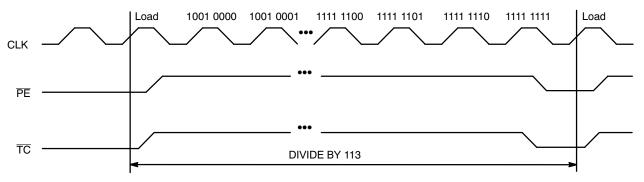


Figure 6. Divide by 113 EP016A Programmable Divider Waveforms

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION (continued)

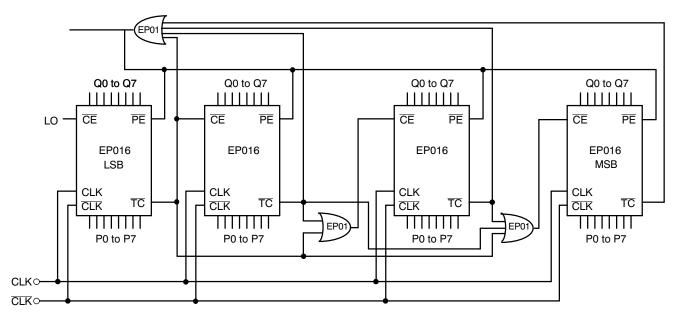


Figure 7. 32-Bit Cascaded EP016A Programmable Divider

Figure 7 shows a typical block diagram of a 32-bit divider chain. Once again to maximize the frequency of operation EP01 OR gates were used. For lower frequency applications a slower OR gate could replace the EP01. Note that for a 16-bit divider the OR function feeding the \overline{PE} (program enable) input CANNOT be replaced by a wire OR tie as the \overline{TC} output of the least significant EP016A must also feed the \overline{CE} input of the most significant EP016A. If the two \overline{TC} outputs were OR tied the cascaded count operation would not operate properly. Because in the cascaded form the \overline{PE} feedback is external and requires external gating, the maximum frequency of operation will be significantly less than the same operation in a single device.

Maximizing EP016A Count Frequency

The EP016A device produces 9 fast transitioning single ended outputs, thus V_{CC} noise can become significant in situations where all of the outputs switch simultaneously in the same direction. This V_{CC} noise can negatively impact the maximum frequency of operation of the device. Since the device does not need to have the Q outputs terminated to count properly, it is recommended that if the outputs are not going to be used in the rest of the system they should be left unterminated. In addition, if only a subset of the Q outputs are used in the system only those outputs should be terminated. Not terminating the unused outputs will not only cut down the V_{CC} noise generated but will also save in total system power dissipation. Following these guidelines will allow designers to either be more aggressive in their designs or provide them with an extra margin to the published data book specifications.

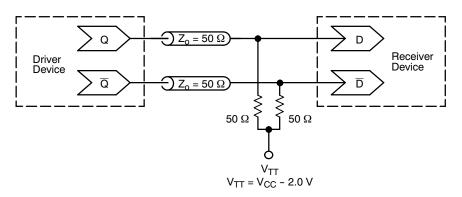


Figure 8. Typical Termination for Output Driver and Device Evaluation (See Application Note AND8020/D – Termination of ECL Logic Devices.)

ORDERING INFORMATION

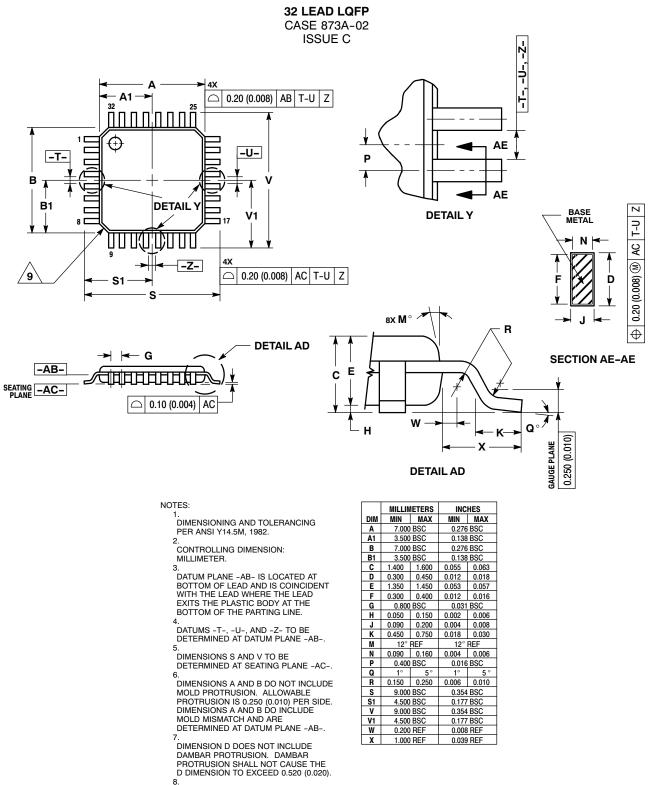
Device	Package	Shipping [†]			
MC100EP016AFA	LQFP-32	250 Units / Tray			
MC100EP016AFAG	LQFP-32 (Pb-Free)	250 Units / Tray			
MC100EP016AFAR2	LQFP-32	2000 / Tape & Reel			
MC100EP016AFAR2G	LQFP-32 (Pb-Free)	2000 / Tape & Reel			
MC100EP016AMNG	QFN-32 (Pb-Free)	74 Units / Rail			
MC100EP016AMNR4G	QFN-32 (Pb-Free)	1000 / Tape & Reel			

+For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

Resource	Reference	of A	oplication	Notes
			phoadon	

AN1405/D	-	ECL Clock Distribution Techniques	
AN1406/D	-	Designing with PECL (ECL at +5.0 V)	
AN1503/D	-	ECLinPS [™] I/O SPiCE Modeling Kit	
AN1504/D	-	Metastability and the ECLinPS Family	
AN1568/D	-	Interfacing Between LVDS and ECL	
AN1672/D	-	The ECL Translator Guide	
AND8001/D	-	Odd Number Counters Design	
AND8002/D	-	Marking and Date Codes	
AND8020/D	-	Termination of ECL Logic Devices	
AND8066/D	-	Interfacing with ECLinPS	
AND8090/D	-	AC Characteristics of ECL Devices	

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



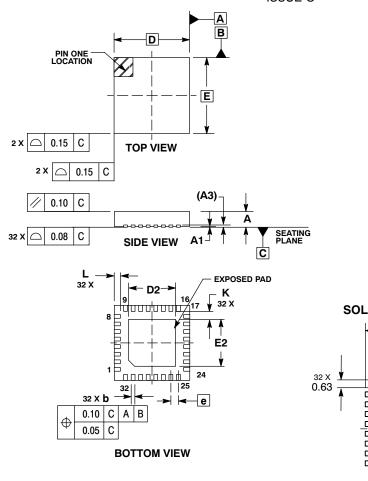
o. MINIMUM SOLDER PLATE THICKNESS SHALL BE 0.0076 (0.0003).

9. EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER MAY VARY FROM DEPICTION.

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

QFN32 5*5*1 0.5 P CASE 488AM-01 ISSUE O



NOTES

- DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
- DIMENSION & APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 AND 0.30 MM TERMINAL 4
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Α	0.800	0.900	1.000		
A1	0.000	0.025	0.050		
A3	0.200 REF				
b	0.180	0.250	0.300		
D	5.00 BSC				
D2	2.950	3.100	3.250		
Е	5.00 BSC				
E2	2.950	3.100	3.250		
е	0.500 BSC				
К	0.200				
L	0.300	0.400	0.500		

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT* 5.30 3.20 000000000 3.20 5.30 32 X 0.28 28 X 0.50 PITCH

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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